Long Term Plan for Year R September 2018				
Places to visit	Activities on site	Skills to develop	EYFS LINKS	Stories
Beach	Build towers of stones Counting stones	Concentration, fine motor, resilience Listening,	Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect. Selects appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary. Counts up to three or four objects by saying one number name for each item.	Lucy and Tom go to the Seaside
	(scoop some in a cup, how many, more/less, etc)	concentration, resilience Concentration,	Counts objects to 10, and beginning to count beyond 10. Counts an irregular arrangement of up to ten objects. Uses the language of 'more' and 'fewer' to compare two sets of objects. Children count reliably with numbers from one to 20 (ELG)	Kipper goes to the Beach Come away
	Observational drawings	resilience, fine motor control Language Language, concentration Listening, concentration, fine motor control, speech, resilience	Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect. Explores what happens when they mix colours. Understands that they can use lines to enclose a space, and then begin to use these shapes to represent objects. Draws lines and circles using gross motor movements. Uses one-handed tools and equipment, e.g. makes snips in paper with child scissors. Holds pencil between thumb and two fingers, no longer using whole-hand grasp Holds pencil near point between first two fingers and thumb and uses it with good control.	from the water Shirley Spot goes to the beach Fish who could wish Commotion in the ocean
	Ordering stones - size, weight Observing weather, seasons,	Concentration	Shows an interest in shape and space by playing with shapes or making arrangements with objects. Orders two or three items by length or height. Comments and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world. They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how	Mr Seahorse Rainbow fish

	Listen to 'beach' sounds and describe, draw/paint pictures of what is heard. Use the camera to take own photos		Explores and learns how sounds can be changed. Understands that they can use lines to enclose a space, and then begin to use these shapes to represent objects. Draws lines and circles using gross motor movements. Uses one-handed tools and equipment, e.g. makes snips in paper with child scissors. Holds pencil between thumb and two fingers, no longer using whole-hand grasp. Holds pencil near point between first two fingers and thumb and uses it with good control. Knows how to operate simple equipment, e.g. turns on CD player and uses remote control. • Shows an interest in technological toys with knobs or pulleys, or real objects such as cameras or mobile phones. Shows skill in making toys work by pressing parts or lifting flaps to achieve effects such as sound, movements or new images. They select and use technology for particular purposes (ELG)	
Beach	Child initiated activities	Skills to develop	EYFS LINKS	Writing Opportunities
	Create a	Listening,	Taps out simple repeated rhythms	Writing
	musical	concentration,	Explores and learns how sounds can be changed	postcards
	composition	resilience	Makes up rhythms	
	about sounds		Explores the different sounds of instruments.	Labelling
		l	· ·	1
	heard			beach pictures
	heard	Listening,		·
	heard Use shells and	concentration,	Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect	Writing about
			Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect Beginning to be interested in and describe the texture of things	·
	Use shells and	concentration,		Writing about their visit
	Use shells and stones to create beach pictures	concentration,	Beginning to be interested in and describe the texture of things Sometimes gives meaning to marks as they draw and paint.	Writing about their visit Beach safety
	Use shells and stones to create beach pictures Using their	concentration,	Beginning to be interested in and describe the texture of things Sometimes gives meaning to marks as they draw and paint. Ascribes meanings to marks that they see in different places	Writing about their visit
	Use shells and stones to create beach pictures Using their photos to make	concentration,	Beginning to be interested in and describe the texture of things Sometimes gives meaning to marks as they draw and paint. Ascribes meanings to marks that they see in different places Gives meaning to marks they make as they draw, write and paint.	Writing about their visit Beach safety
	Use shells and stones to create beach pictures Using their	concentration,	Beginning to be interested in and describe the texture of things Sometimes gives meaning to marks as they draw and paint. Ascribes meanings to marks that they see in different places Gives meaning to marks they make as they draw, write and paint. Begins to break the flow of speech into words.	Writing about their visit Beach safety
	Use shells and stones to create beach pictures Using their photos to make	concentration,	Beginning to be interested in and describe the texture of things Sometimes gives meaning to marks as they draw and paint. Ascribes meanings to marks that they see in different places Gives meaning to marks they make as they draw, write and paint.	Writing about their visit Beach safety

	Use scales to find out how much different stones weigh		Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together. Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. Uses some clearly identifiable letters to communicate meaning, representing some sounds correctly and in sequence. Writes own name and other things such as labels, captions. Attempts to write short sentences in meaningful contexts. Orders two items by weight or capacity.	
	Adding white paint/water to other colours to see how they change		Explores what happens when they mix colours	
Brockhill	Build Shelters	Concentration, resilience, gross/fine motor, language, P&S Confidence, concentration Resilience, concentration, language Concentration, language Confidence, resilience,	Understands that different media can be combined to create new effects. Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect. Constructs with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources. Uses simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately. Selects appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary. Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using. Talks about why things happen and how things work. Uses simple tools to effect changes to materials. Handles tools, objects, construction and malleable materials safely and with increasing control. Shows a preference for a dominant hand.	3 Billy Goats Gruff Going on a Bear Hunt The Gruffalo Little Red Riding Hood 3 Little Pigs Where's my teddy Owl Babies Percy the Park Keeper
	Hunt for a	concentration, language, fine motor control	They safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function (ELG) Engages in imaginative role-play based on own first-hand experiences.	Talk4Writing Text:

Gruffalo	Language,	Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play.	
	concentration	Plays alongside other children who are engaged in the same theme.	We're Going
		Plays cooperatively as part of a group to develop and act out a narrative.	On a Bear
	Gross motor control,	They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through, art, music, dance, role play and stories (ELG)	Hunt
	confidence,		The Three
Play 'Poo sticks'	resilience, P&S	Explains own knowledge and understanding, and asks appropriate questions of others. Talks about why things happen and how things work.	Little Pigs
Investigate	Fine motor,	Tarks about why mings happen and now mings work.	Three Billy
shadows	concentration, resilience	Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change.	Goats Gruff
Look for bugs, leaves, etc.	Concentration, confidence,	Comments and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world.	
Make tally charts and tick	resilience, fine motor	Can talk about some of the things they have observed such as plants, animals, natural and found objects.	
lists	Confidence, resilience,	Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things (ELG).	
	concentration, fine motor	They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another (ELG).	
	control	They make observations of animals and plants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes (ELG)	
		Beginning to represent numbers using fingers, marks on paper or pictures.	
Observing		Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change.	
weather, seasons,		Moves freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping.	
environment		Mounts stairs, steps or climbing equipment using alternate feet.	
Play in the park		Runs skilfully and negotiates space successfully, adjusting speed or direction to avoid obstacles.	
		Jumps off an object and lands appropriately.	
AA alaa sasab b tar		Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other	
 Make rubbings		110go haros space saccess fairy when playing racing and chasing games with other	

	Observational drawings		children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles. Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect. Explores what happens when they mix colours. Understands that they can use lines to enclose a space, and then begin to use these shapes to represent objects. Draws lines and circles using gross motor movements. Uses one-handed tools and equipment, e.g. makes snips in paper with child scissors. Holds pencil between thumb and two fingers, no longer using whole-hand grasp. Holds pencil near point between first two fingers and thumb and uses it with good control.	
	Transient art using natural materials - photograph Leaf catch game		Captures experiences and responses with a range of media, such as music, dance and paint and other materials or words. Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect. Constructs with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources. Shows an interest in technological toys with knobs or pulleys, or real objects such as cameras or mobile phones.	
	Nest building			
Brockhill	Child initiated activities	Skills to develop	EYFS LINKS	Writing Opportunities
	Leaf printing	Fine motor,	Experiments to create different textures	Write their
		concentration,	Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect.	own version of
	Bug research.	resilience		the Gruffalo
	Provide		Knows that information can be retrieved from computers They policy and was tachnology for nonticular numbers (FLC)	At Brockhill I
	Learnpads and children can		They select and use technology for particular purposes (ELG)	saw
	type bug into			
	it-print their			Describe/label
	pictures			a woodland

Provide resources for children to retell the Three Billy Goats Gruff	Beginning to be aware of the way stories are structured. Suggests how the story might end. Builds stories around toys, e.g. farm animals needing rescue from an armchair 'cliff' Uses available resources to create props to support role-play	write about birds they have spotted
Make playdough woodland creatures	Realises tools can be used for a purpose Understands that different media can be combined to create new effects. Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect. Constructs with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources. Uses simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately.	
Measuring and ordering sticks by length. Floating and sinking.	Selects appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary. Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using. Orders two or three items by length or height.	
Looking at natural objects through magnifying glasses- observational drawings	Can talk about some of the things they have observed such as plants, animals, natural and found objects. Talks about why things happen and how things work. Developing an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time.	
Making homes for woodland creatures	Understands that different media can be combined to create new effects. Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect. Constructs with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources. Uses simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately. Selects appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary. Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are	

		T		
			using.	
	Pine cone		Beginning to be interested in and describe the texture of things	
	pairring		Understands that different media can be combined to create new effects.	
			Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect.	
	Make bird		Constructs with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources.	
	feeders		Uses simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately.	
			Selects appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary.	
			Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are	
			using	
			Talks about why things happen and how things work.	
_			Shows care and concern for living things and the environment.	
Town	Post Office	Language,	Shows interest in different occupations and ways of life.	Smartest Giant
	Café visit	listening,	Comments and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place	in Town
		concentration Language, P&S,	where they live or the natural world.	Tiger who came to tea
		concentration,	Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect.	Goldilocks
		listening	Explores what happens when they mix colours.	The Jolly
		Concentration,	Understands that they can use lines to enclose a space, and then begin to use these	Postman
		confidence,	shapes to represent objects.	
	Observational	resilience, fine	Draws lines and circles using gross motor movements.	Talk4Writing
	drawings	motor	Uses one-handed tools and equipment, e.g. makes snips in paper with child scissors.	Text:
	a. age	Concentration,	Holds pencil between thumb and two fingers, no longer using whole-hand grasp.	
		listening,	Holds pencil near point between first two fingers and thumb and uses it with good	The
		language	control.	Gingerbread
		Concentration, listening,		Man
		language	Beginning to use everyday language related to money	The Tiger Who
	Supermarket	Language,	Gives meaning to marks they make as they draw, write and paint.	Came to Tea
	shopping	listening,	Begins to break the flow of speech into words.	232 00
		concentration	Continues a rhyming string.	The Little Red
		Fine motor,	Hears and says the initial sound in words.	Hen

	What can you see/hear? Visit the florist Visit Charity shops	concentration, confidence, resilience, language Language, listening, concentration, P&S, Fine motor	Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together. Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. Uses some clearly identifiable letters to communicate meaning, representing some sounds correctly and in sequence. Writes own name and other things such as labels, captions. Shows interest in different occupations and ways of life. Shows care and concern for living things and the environment They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another (ELG)	
	Take photos		Shows an interest in technological toys with knobs or pulleys, or real objects such as cameras or mobile phones.	
Town	Child initiated	Skills to develop	They select and use technology for particular purposes (ELG) EYFS LINKS	Writing
TOWIT	activities	Skills to develop	EYFS LINKS	Opportunities
	Designing		Create simple representations of events, people and objects	Letter writing
	stamps		Draws lines and circles using gross motor movements. Uses one-handed tools and equipment, e.g. makes snips in paper with child scissors. Holds pencil between thumb and two fingers, no longer using whole-hand grasp. Holds pencil near point between first two fingers and thumb and uses it with good control. Shows a preference for a dominant hand. Begins to use anticlockwise movement and retrace vertical lines. Engages in imaginative role-play based on own first-hand experiences.	Recount of visit
]			Children use everyday language to talk about weight to compare quantities and	

	Role play- shop/cafe		objects and to solve problem (ELG) Children use everyday language to talk about capacity to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems (ELG).	
	Cooking, weighing		Create simple representations of events, people and objects Draws lines and circles using gross motor movements. Uses one-handed tools and equipment, e.g. makes snips in paper with child scissors. Holds pencil between thumb and two fingers, no longer using whole-hand grasp.	
	Make maps of the high street		Holds pencil near point between first two fingers and thumb and uses it with good control. Shows a preference for a dominant hand. Begins to use anticlockwise movement and retrace vertical lines.	
	Building models of shops Children in Need-visit charity shops		Beginning to be interested in and describe the texture of things Uses various construction materials. Beginning to construct, stacking blocks vertically and horizontally, making enclosures and creating spaces. Joins construction pieces together to build and balance. Realises tools can be used for a purpose.	
	History of Hythe - compare and contrast		Developing an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time. Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change.	
Canal	Look at the boats Observational drawings Study the plants and wildlife	Language, listening, concentration Concentration, confidence, resilience, fine motor	Chooses particular colours to use for a purpose Captures experiences and responses with a range of media, such as music, dance and paint and other materials or words Shows care and concern for living things and the environment Comments and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world.	Gingerbread Man Rosie and Jim Three Billy Goats Gruff The cow who fell in the
	Wildlife	Concentration,	Can talk about some of the things they have observed such as plants, animals, natural	canal

	Transient art using natural materials - photograph	listening, language Confidence, resilience, concentration, fine motor control Fine motor, concentration, confidence, resilience	and found objects. They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another (ELG) Captures experiences and responses with a range of media, such as music, dance and paint and other materials or words. Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect. Constructs with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources. Shows an interest in technological toys with knobs or pulleys, or real objects such as cameras or mobile phones.	5 Little Ducks went swimming Talk4Writing Text: Mr Gumpy's Outing
Canal	Child initiated activities	Skills to develop	EYFS LINKS	Writing Opportunities
	Make boats		Uses various construction materials.	- Срромовино
	Floating and		Beginning to construct, stacking blocks vertically and horizontally, making enclosures and	
	sinking		creating spaces.	
			Joins construction pieces together to build and balance.	
	Study		Realises tools can be used for a purpose	
	geography of		Understands that different media can be combined to create new effects.	
	the canal and		Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect.	
	its links to the		Constructs with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources.	
	sea		Uses simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately.	
			Selects appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary.	
	Venetian Fete		Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are	
	Design and		using.	
	make floats		Talks about why things happen and how things work.	
	Draw maps of		Create simple representations of events, people and objects	
	the canal		Draws lines and circles using gross motor movements.	
			Uses one-handed tools and equipment, e.g. makes snips in paper with child scissors.	
			Holds pencil between thumb and two fingers, no longer using whole-hand grasp.	

			Holds pencil near point between first two fingers and thumb and uses it with good control. Shows a preference for a dominant hand. Begins to use anticlockwise movement and retrace vertical lines.	
Library/Oa klands	Books Play in the park Visit the café	Concentration, language, listening Confidence, resilience, gross/fine motor control, P&S Listening, P&S Confidence, resilience, listening, P&S Fine motor control, confidence, concentration, resilience Listening, concentration	Moves freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping. Mounts stairs, steps or climbing equipment using alternate feet. Walks downstairs, two feet to each step while carrying a small object. Runs skilfully and negotiates space successfully, adjusting speed or direction to avoid obstacles. Experiments with different ways of moving. Jumps off an object and lands appropriately. Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles. Travels with confidence and skill around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment. Shows increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it. Children show good control and co-ordination in large and small movements (ELG) They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space (ELG) Beginning to use everyday language related to money Can usually adapt behaviour to different events, social situations and changes in routine Is more outgoing towards unfamiliar people and more confident in new social situations	N/A
	Use the bandstand for role play and musical performances		Developing preferences for forms of expression. Uses movement to express feelings. Begins to build a repertoire of songs and dances. Explores the different sounds of instruments. Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play. Plays alongside other children who are engaged in the same theme.	

	Visit the museum		Plays cooperatively as part of a group to develop and act out a narrative. Can usually adapt behaviour to different events, social situations and changes in routine Is more outgoing towards unfamiliar people and more confident in new social situations Shows interest in different occupations and ways of life. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions (ELG)	
Library/Oa klands	Child initiated activities	Skills to develop	EYFS LINKS	Writing Opportunities
	Share books borrowed	Concentration, language, listening Confidence, gross/fine motor control, P&S P&S, confidence, resilience	Listens to and joins in with stories and poems, one-to-one and also in small groups. Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories. Beginning to be aware of the way stories are structured. Suggests how the story might end. Listens to stories with increasing attention and recall. Describes main story settings, events and principal characters. Shows interest in illustrations and print in books and print in the environment. Recognises familiar words and signs such as own name and advertising logos. Looks at books independently. Handles books carefully. Knows information can be relayed in the form of print. Holds books the correct way up and turns pages. Knows that print carries meaning and, in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom.	Writing about their visit Writing rules for a playgrounds Create a story map of their play on the bandstand Describe characters in books that they pick
	History of Hythe - compare and		Shows interest in different occupations and ways of life. Questions why things happen and gives explanations. Asks e.g. who, what, when, how.	
	contrast		They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions (ELG)	
	Draw maps of the area		Create simple representations of events, people and objects	

	Children to design their own park Other activities will be flexible depending on books borrowed.		Draws lines and circles using gross motor movements. Uses one-handed tools and equipment, e.g. makes snips in paper with child scissors. Holds pencil between thumb and two fingers, no longer using whole-hand grasp. Holds pencil near point between first two fingers and thumb and uses it with good control. Shows a preference for a dominant hand. Begins to use anticlockwise movement and retrace vertical lines. They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another (ELG) Create simple representations of events, people and objects Chooses particular colours to use for a purpose They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through, art, music, dance, role play and stories (ELG)	
Theatre	Enjoy the show	Concentration, listening, language, confidence, P&S		Dependent on the show seen
Theatre	Child initiated activities	Skills to develop	EYFS LINKS	Writing Opportunities
	Discuss similar	Concentration,	Listens to stories with increasing attention and recall.	Dependent on
	stories	listening, language, confidence, P&S	Builds up vocabulary that reflects the breadth of their experiences. They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read (ELG)	the show seen.
	Make puppets	gross/fine motor	Understands that different media can be combined to create new effects.	Examples could be:

	control, P&S,	Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect.	Write a review
	confidence,	Constructs with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources.	of the show
	resilience	Uses simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately.	
		Selects appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary.	Write about
	Concentration, listening,	Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using.	the characters
	language,	Create simple representations of events, people and objects.	
	confidence, P&S,	They safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques,	
	resilience	experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function (ELG)	
		Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways,	
		thinking about uses and purposes (ELG)	
		They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through, art, music, dance, role play and stories (ELG)	
xzxxxxxxx			
X\		Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play.	
Use small word		Uses talk in pretending that objects stand for something else in play, e,g, 'This box is	
to retell the		my castle.'	
story		Uses language to imagine and recreate roles and experiences in play situations.	